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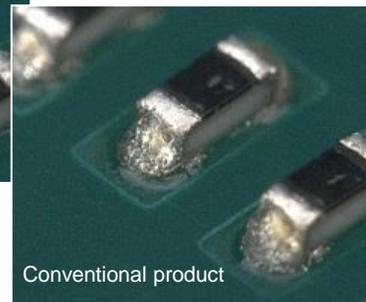
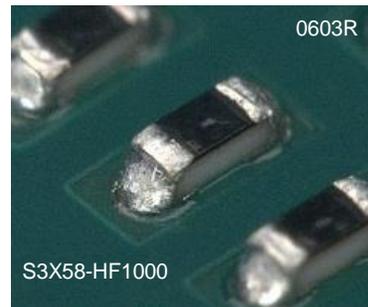
Handling Guide

Koki No-Clean **LEAD FREE** Solder Paste

Powerful Wetting Halogen Free Solder Paste **S3X58-HF1000**



Product Information



Disclaimer:

This Product Information contains product performance assessed strictly according to our own test procedures and is not the guaranteed results at end-users. Please conduct thorough process optimization before mass production application.



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- Solder alloy composition is a lead-free Sn 3.0Ag 0.5Cu (SAC305)
- Flux designation is ROL0 (IPC J-STD-004B)
Cl + Br + I + F = Total halide content <0.05%
- Good wetting on different surface finishes (pad and electrodes)
- Good meltability at the micro-components. It can be utilized with a variety of reflow profiles



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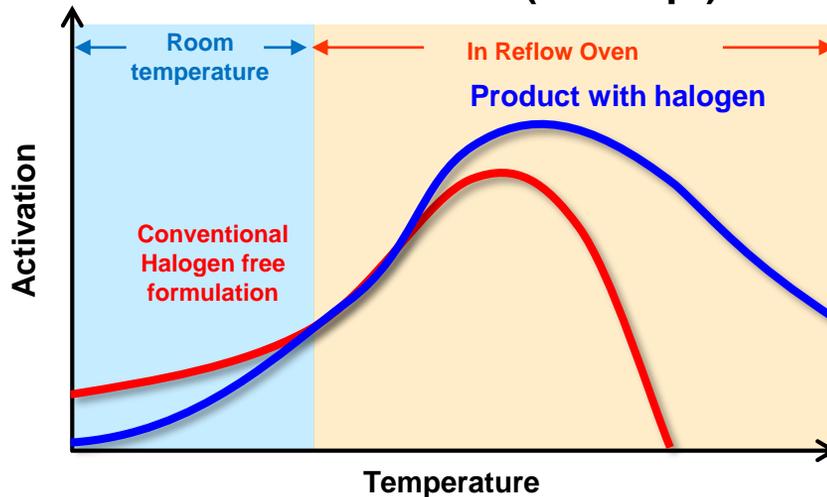
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Features - Difficulties of Halogen Free Design

Elements in the halogen group possess a strong oxidation-reduction power and adding just a small amount of halogen in a flux formulation can promote good wetting performance and low void occurrence. Therefore, it is one of the significant flux constituents. In addition, halogens do not decompose at high temperature and are able to maintain its high activation at a wide range of reflow temperatures. It also allows stable reflow soldering with a reflow profile with a high pre-heat temperature owing to its heat resistance.

On the other hand, designing a halogen free flux requires a formulation with a relatively large amount of organic acids, such as carboxylic acids, to compensate for their weaker oxidation-reduction power compared with halogens. Furthermore, organic acids are prone to decompose at high temperature. This makes it challenging to achieve as high a heat resistant flux activation as halogen containing flux.

- Activation State (Concept) -



Product with halogen
High activation power which continues during reflow.

Conventional Halogen Free formulation
Less activation power compared to product with halogen and loses activation in reflow.



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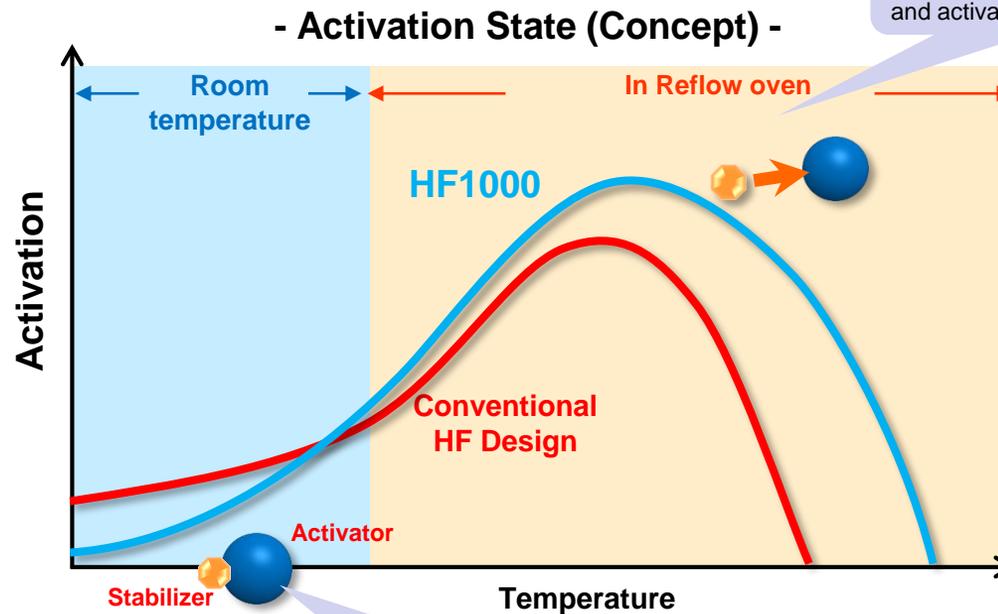
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Features - Activator technique of HF1000

As a newly invented activator technique, “stabilizer” effectively inhibits the chemical reaction between the flux and metal oxide of solder particles during storage, which enables the formulation of the powerful activator component.

The powerful activator gets released from the “stabilizer” only by being heated, efficiently reducing metal oxides from each particle and realizing robust solder wetting despite being a halogen free formulation.



Stabilizer is detached from activator at a higher temperature and activator starts to work

HF1000 formulation

The activator chemically attached with “Stabilizer” inhibits oxidation-reduction reaction at room temperature so that there is robust activation strength during the reflow temperatures.

The activator is also designed to be highly heat resistant.

Stabilizer inhibits activation at room and storage temperatures



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Application		Printing
Product Name		S3X58-HF1000
Alloy Properties	Alloy Composition [%]	Sn 3.0Ag 0.5Cu
	Melting Point [°C]	217 - 219
	Shape	Sphere
	Grain Size [µm]	20 - 38
Flux Properties	Halogen Content [%]	0
	Flux Designation	ROLO
Solder Paste Properties	Flux Content [%]	12.0±1.0
	Viscosity [Pa.s]	220±30
	Copper Plate Corrosion	Passed
	Tack Time	>48hours
	Shelf Life [at <10 °C]	6 months

*1. Flux designation: In accordance with IPC J-STD-004B

*2. Viscosity: Measured at 25°C, 10rpm by Malcom viscometer

*3. Copper plate corrosion: In accordance with IPC-TM-650 2.6.15



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Evaluation Method:

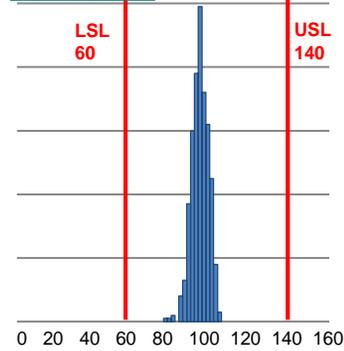
Print 10 PCBs continuously and measure the transfer rate using SPI. Perform 200 rolling strokes on masked stencil. Clean the stencil and print 10 PCBs continuously.

- Stencil thickness: 0.12mm (laser etched)
- Printer: YVP-Xg YAMAHA Motor
- Squeegee: Metal squeegee, 60° angle
- Print speed: 40 mm/sec

- Printer Ambient: 24~26 °C (50~60%RH)
- Evaluation pad: 0.4mmP QFP pad (80pins)
0.25mmΦCSP (50 Pads)
- SPI: aSPIre, KOHYOUNG

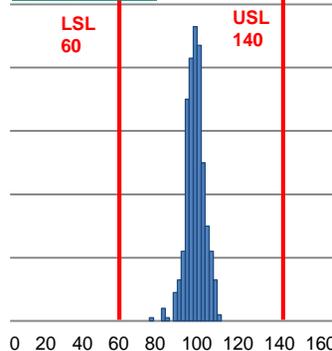
0.25mmΦ CSP

Printed Shape Cpk=2.11



Initial 10 prints: Volume(%)
Histogram

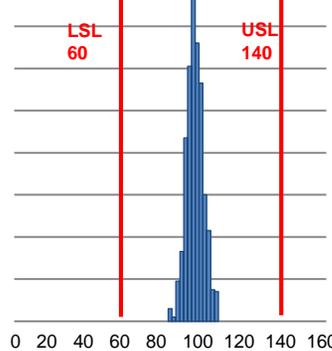
Printed Shape Cpk=1.83



10 prints after 200 strokes:
Volume(%)

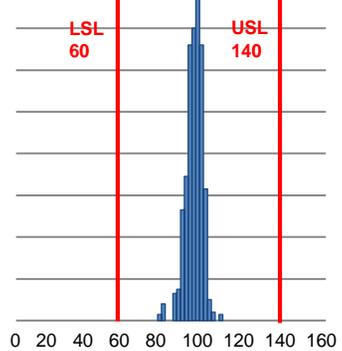
0.4mmP QFP

Printed Shape Cpk=2.31



Initial 10 prints: Volume(%)
Histogram

Printed Shape Cpk=1.77



10 prints after 200 strokes:
Volume(%)

Stable print shape and paste transfer ratio can be observed at both 0.25mmΦCSP and 0.4mmP pads.



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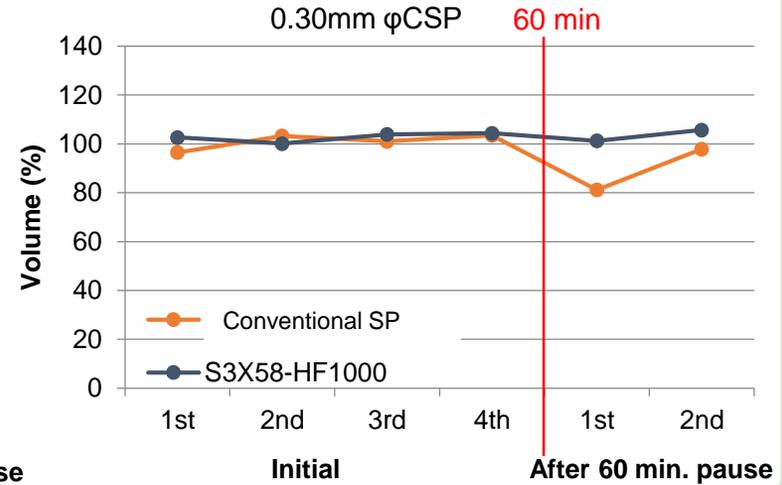
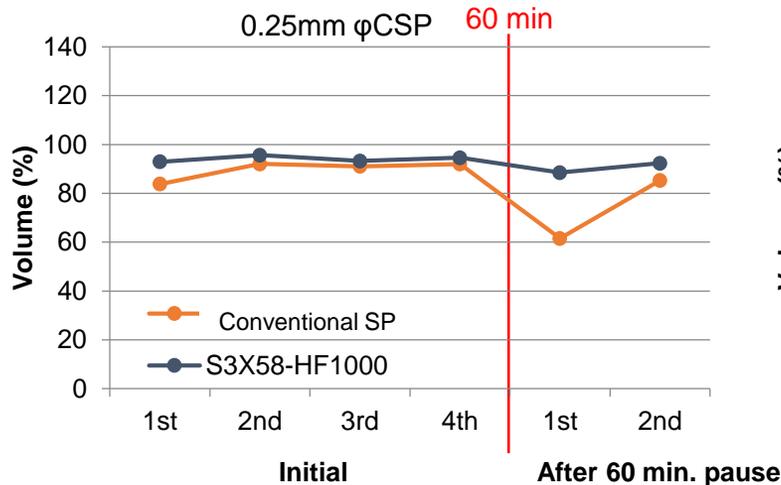
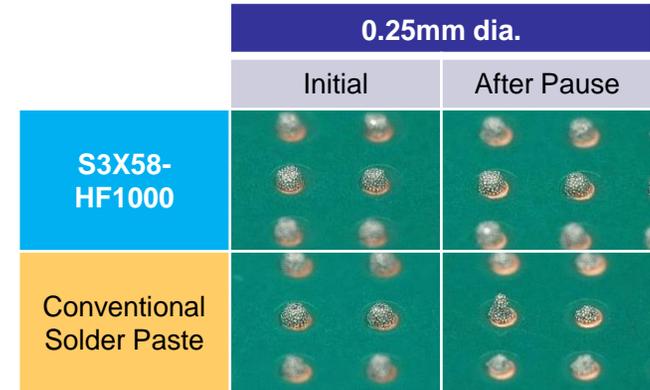
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Intermittent Printability

Evaluation Method:

Print initially 4 samples, then let paste stand at the printer and stencil for 60 minutes. Resume printing and evaluate the paste transfer rate.

- Stencil thickness: 0.12mm (laser etched)
- Printer: YVP-Xg, YAMAHA Motor
- Squeegee: Metal squeegee, 60° angle
- Print Speed: 40 mm/sec.
- Test Ambient: 24~26 °C (50~60%RH)
- Evaluation Pad: 0.25,0.30mmφCSP, aSP1re, KOHYOUNG
- SPI:



S3X58-HF1000 maintained good paste transfer rate when the printing was resumed.



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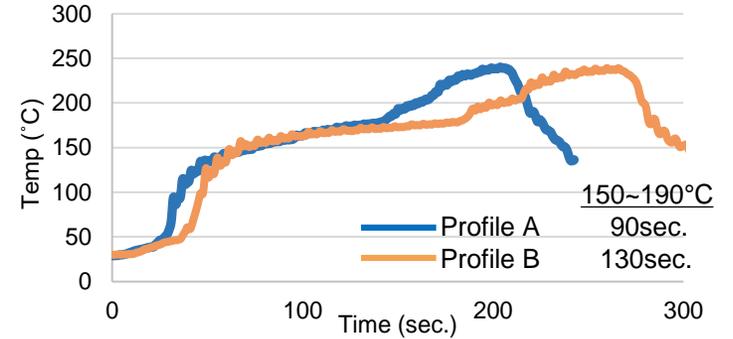
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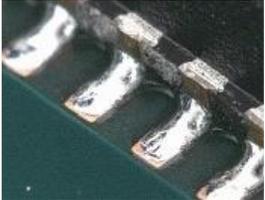
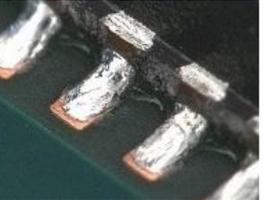
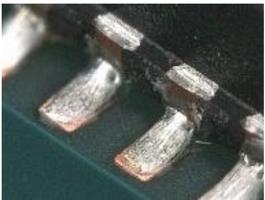
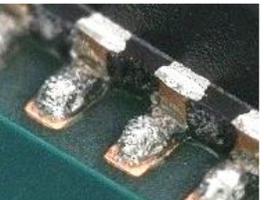
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Meltability

Evaluation Condition:

- Stencil thickness: 0.12mm
- Pad surface finish: OSP
- Mounted component: 0603R (Sn plating)
0.5mmP QFN
- Heating method: Hot air reflow
- Reflow atmosphere: Air
- Reflow profile: See the right diagram



	Profile A		Profile B	
	0603R	0.5mmP QFN	0603R	0.5mmP QFN
S3X58-HF1000				
Conventional Solder Paste				

S3X58-HF1000 showed comparable melt performance at the micro-components even with longer pre-heat time.



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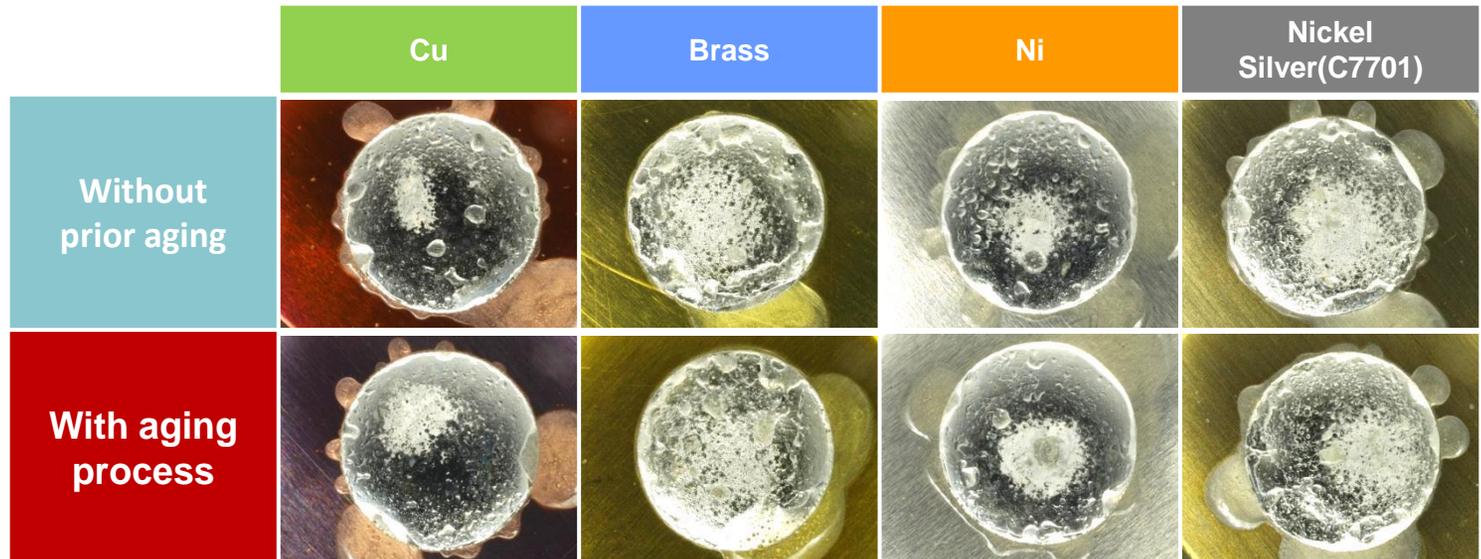
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Meltability (De-wetting Test)

Evaluation Method:

- Substrate: Cu, Brass, Ni, and Nickel silver (C7701)
- Aging (oxidation) process: Reflowed twice prior to test
- Stencil thickness: 0.20mm (laser etched)
- Stencil aperture: 6.5mmΦ
- Heating method: Profile A shown on previous page



S3X58-HF1000 had good solder spreading and no de-wetting occurred regardless of the metal finish even with the intentionally oxidized finishes.



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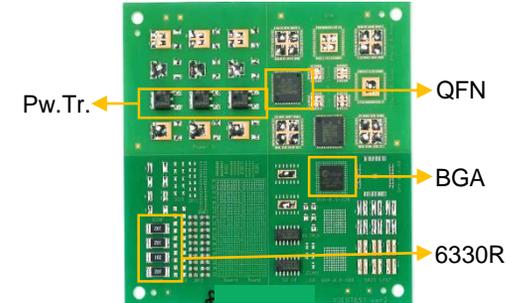
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Low Voiding Property

Evaluation Method:

- Evaluation board: FR-4 (Right image)
- Surface finish: OSP, ENIG and ImAg
- Stencil thickness: 0.12mm (laser etched)
- Components: Pw.Tr., QFN and 6330R pure Sn plated
BGA - SAC305 ball
- Heating method: Hot air reflow
- Reflow atmosphere: Air
- Reflow profile: Profile A used in Meltability test (slide 8)



	Pw. Tr.	QFN	BGA	6330R
OSP				
ENIG				
ImAg				



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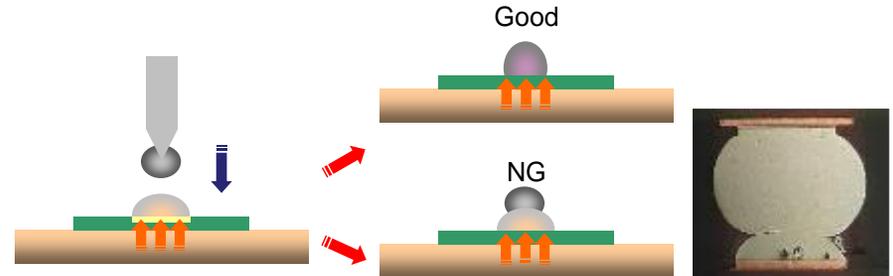
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Head-in-Pillow (HIP) Resistance

Evaluation Method:

- PCB grade: FR-4
- Pad surface finish: OSP
- Stencil thickness: 0.20mm (laser etched)
- Evaluation pad: 0.8 mmΦ
- Evaluation component: 0.76mmΦ ball (SAC305)
- Stencil aperture ratio to board: 100%
- Heating method: Solder bath 280°C
- Solder drop interval: Every 10 seconds



When the solder paste is molten, drop a SAC305 ball every 10seconds.
When the flux is degraded by the heat, ball will no longer be fused with molten paste.

	20 sec.	30 sec.	40 sec.
S3X58-HF1000	Completely fused 	Completely fused 	Completely fused
Conventional Product	Completely fused 	Incompletely fused 	Head-in-pillow defect

S3X58-HF1000 showed little flux deterioration at higher temperatures and exhibited high head-in-pillow resistance.



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Halogen Content

Evaluation Method:

- Quartz tube combustion ion chromatography (in accordance with JEITA ET-7304A)



Halogen	Result
F	Not detected
Cl	Not detected
Br	Not detected
I	Not detected



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Item	Result	Method
Tack time	> 24 hours (>100g.f)	JIS Z 3284-3
Slump property	0.3mm pass	JIS Z 3284-3 150°C-10min
Solder ball test	Within category 3	JIS Z 3284-4
Copper mirror corrosion test	Type L	IPC-TM-650 2.3.32
Copper plate corrosion test	Pass	IPC-TM-650 2.6.15
Surface insulation resistance	> 1E+9	IPC-TM-650 2.6.3.3
Electrochemical migration test	No evidence of migration occurrence	IPC-TM-650 2.6.14.1



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1. Printing - Recommended print condition

(1) Squeegee

1. Shape: Flat
2. Material: Metal or urethane
3. Angle: 60~70°
4. Squeegee pressure: Low (with no solder paste left behind after squeegee print stroke)
5. Squeegee speed: 20~80mm/second

(2) Metal stencil

1. Thickness: 0.10~0.15mm for 0.4~0.65mm pitch patterns
2. Material: Laser etched or additive manufacturing
3. Snap-off speed: 7.0~10.0mm/sec.
4. Snap-off distance: 0mm

(3) Ambient

1. Temperature: 23~27°C
2. Humidity: 40~60%RH
3. Local air conditioning: Avoid direct draft from the local AC onto the metal stencil as it shall cause fast drying of the solder paste.

(4) Preparation:

Recover the solder paste to room temperature before use. Manually knead the solder paste for 1 – 2 minutes with a spatula, or use kneading/mixing equipment.



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2. Product life

0~10°C: 6 months from the date of production

- 1) Once the solder paste is opened, but not kneaded
→ Within the remaining shelf life by storing it back in the refiregator (The solder paste is still intact.)
- 2) Once the solder paste is opened, but kneaded by a spatula
→ Within 1 month by storing it back in the refiregator
- 3) Once the solder paste is opened, kneaded by a spatula and worked on the stencil with the squeegee blades
→ Within 24 hours

3. Caution To prevent a print defect, please clean the bottom of stencil every 2 to 10 paste prints.

4. Lot No.:

Lot No. is to be interpreted as below;

e.g. Lot No. **9 05 21 2**

9	05	21	2	Batch number:	2nd batch of the day
				Date of production:	21st
				Month of production:	May
				Year of production:	2019



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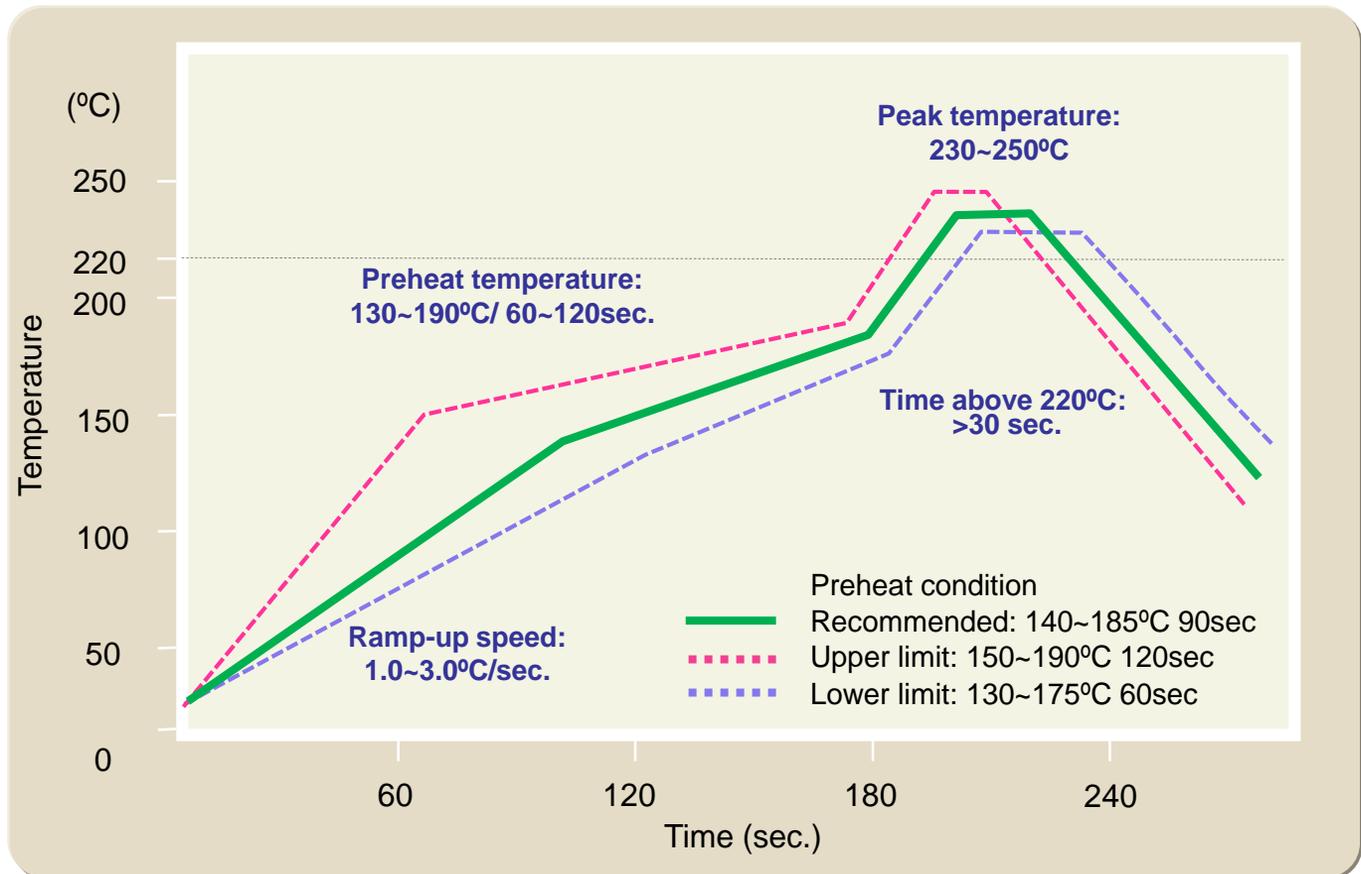
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